SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Basecoat Balancer (intended for use as a

direct replacement for Dupont *150K)

600 Product code

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

PBE Jobbers Warehouse Company name

Address 2921 Syene Rd

Madison, WI 53713

Telephone 608-274-8797

800-424-9300 ChemTrec **Emergency phone number** EMERGENCY 24 Hrs.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2 Reproductive toxicity Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 1

exposure

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 2

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard statement



Signal word Danger

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing, Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

6.01% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 42.63% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 28.18% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 28.18% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetone		67-64-1	10 - < 30
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	10 - < 30
Toluene		108-88-3	10 - < 30
Xylene		1330-20-7	10 - < 30
N-Butyl Alcohol		71-36-3	5 - < 10
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone		108-83-8	0< 5
Ethyl Acetate 99%		141-78-6	0 - < 5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0 - < 5
Isobutyl Acetate		110-19-0	0 - < 5
Isopropanol		67-63-0	0 - < 5
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone		872-50-4	0< 5
Other components below reportable levels	5		5 - < 10

^{*}Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Eye contact

Ingestion

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or Inhalation

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin contact Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged

exposure may cause chronic effects.

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

General information

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods
General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions Avoid

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)	PEL	290 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)	PEL	1400 mg/m3	
,		400 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	PEL	700 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3	
		400 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
,		150 ppm	
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3	
·		100 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910	.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	5	
Components	Туре	Value
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)	TWA	25 ppm
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm
	TWA	500 ppm
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	400 ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA	150 ppm
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm
	TWA	150 ppm
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	nical Hazards	
Components	Туре	Value
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)	TWA	150 mg/m3
(0.10 100 00 0)		25 ppm
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3
		250 ppm
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)	TWA	1400 mg/m3
		400 ppm
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3
		125 ppm
	TWA	435 mg/m3
		100 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)	TWA	700 mg/m3
		150 ppm
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3
		500 ppm
	TWA	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3
		200 ppm
	TWA	710 mg/m3
		150 ppm
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	375 mg/m3
		100 ppm
US. Workplace Environmental Exp	ocure Level (WEEL) Guidos	• •
Components	Type	Value
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	TWA	40 mg/m3
(0/10 0/2-00-4)		10 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposu Components	re Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)	100 mg/l	5-Hydroxy-N-m ethyl-2-pyrrolid one	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric	Creatinine in	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

acids

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.
Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US WEEL Guides: Skin designation

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

urine

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Milky
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.

pН Not available.

-138.82 °F (-94.9 °C) estimated Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Flash point **Evaporation rate** Not available. Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.3 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12.8 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

73.05 hPa estimated Vapor pressure

Not available. Vapor density Not available. Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature

650 °F (343.33 °C) estimated

Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Viscosity Not available.

Other information

Density 0.85 g/cm3 estimated Flammable IB estimated Flammability class Percent volatile 90.68 w/w % By Weight 92.41 v/v % By Volume

Specific gravity 0.85 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 5.49 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)

> 6.57 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts) 657.51 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts) 787.42 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Alkaline metals. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Toxic if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by Inhalation

inhalation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

LD50

Rabbit

Acute t	oxicity	Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects	S.				
Compo		Species	Test Results				
2,6-Dim	2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)						
	<u>Acute</u>						
	Dermal						
	LD50	Rabbit	16200 mg/kg				
		Rat	> 2000 mg/kg				
	Inhalation						
	LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l, 4 Hours				
	Oral						
	LD50	Mouse	1416 mg/kg				
		Rat	5285 mg/kg				
Acetone	e (CAS 67-64-1)						
	Acute						
	Dermal	D-bb#	20000				
	LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg				
			20 ml/kg				
	Inhalation LC50	Det	76 mm/l 4 Hours				
	LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours				
	•		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours				
	Oral LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg				
	LD30						
		Rabbit	5340 mg/kg				
· · ·		Rat	5800 mg/kg				
Ethyl Ad	cetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)						
	<u>Acute</u> Inhalation						
	LC50	Rat	16000 ppm, 6 Hours				
	LD50	Mouse	1500 ppm, 4 Hours				
	2500	Rabbit	2500 ppm, 4 Hours				
		Rat	4000 ppm, 4 Hours				
	Oral	Nat	4000 μμπ, 4 πουισ				
	LD50	Mouse	0.44 g/kg				
	2500	Rabbit	4.9 g/kg				
		Rat	11.3 ml/kg				
		Nat	5.6 g/kg				
Ethylbo	nzono (CAS 100 41 4)		3.0 g/kg				
Elliyibe	nzene (CAS 100-41-4) <u>Acute</u>						
	Dermal Dermal						
	LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg				
	Oral						
	LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg				
Isobutyl	Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)						
J	Acute						
	Oral						
	LDEO	Dobbit	10 0/10				

4.8 g/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
Oral	5	4707
LD50	Dog	4797 mg/kg
	Mouse	3600 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5.03 g/kg
	Rat	4.7 g/kg
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
Acute		
Inhalation LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
	Wistai Tat	100 High, 4 Hours
Oral LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)	Nat	14000 mg/kg
Acute		
<u>Aouto</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-	50-4)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	8000 mg/kg
Oral		T. 100
LD50	Mouse	5130 mg/kg
	Rat	3914 mg/kg
		4.2 ml/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal LD50	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg
LD30	Nabbit	14.1 ml/kg
lubalatia u		14.1 IIII/NG
Inhalation LC50	Mouse	5320 ppm, 8 Hours
2000	Wodoc	400 ppm, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 ppm, 1 Hours
	ixat	12200 ppm, 2 Hours
01		8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	, car	Z.V grivg
Acute		
<u>Acute</u> Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg

Components Species		Test Results
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	3907 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	6350 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1590 mg/kg
	Rat	3523 - 8600 ma/ka

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

oddood ollin iintation.

Causes serious eye damage.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in

laboratory animals. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1	1)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethyl Acetate 99% (CA	AS 141-78-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Indian catfish (Heteropneustes fossilis)	200.32 - 225.42 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 10	00-41-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropanol (CAS 67-6	63-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	123-86-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS	71-36-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88	-3)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	8.11 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20	-7)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition	coefficient	n-octanol /	water	(log	Kow)
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Acetone	-0.24
Ethyl Acetate 99%	0.73
Ethylbenzene	3.15
Isobutyl Acetate	1.78
Isopropanol	0.05
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78
N-Butyl Alcohol	0.88
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	-0.54
Toluene	2.73
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches

with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

Class 3

Subsidiary risk -Label(s) 3 Packing group II

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions 149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28

Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 173
Packaging bulk 242

IATA

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN1263

UN proper shipping name

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk Packing group ||
Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Not established.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

DOT



IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6) Listed. Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0) Listed. Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Listed. N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed. N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3) Listed. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed. Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Toluene	108-88-3	10 - < 30
Xylene	1330-20-7	10 - < 30
N-Butyl Alcohol	71-36-3	5 - < 10
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 - < 5
Isopropanol	67-63-0	0 - < 5
N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	872-50-4	0< 5

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

2.6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Ethyl Acetate 99% (CAS 141-78-6)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isobutyl Acetate (CAS 110-19-0)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

N-Butyl Alcohol (CAS 71-36-3)

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Listed: June 11, 2004

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

N-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone (CAS 872-50-4) Listed: June 15, 2001 Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Disclaimer

Our Company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available